System 2025 april issue







### мхзз ZПП Cabs MX33 (tethered only),

MX33FU (2.4 GHz radio or tethered)

The shape of the ZIMO cabs (introduced in 1995 with the MX2) allows them to be used as either a table-top device or a walk-around cab.

The MX33 not only comes with a design and ergonomic upgrade over the predecessor MX32 but also with a lot of potential (multiple processor performance, internal SD) for future extensions through software updates. Also: a new 2.8 inch screen, capacitive multi-touch display, additional buttons for stop and east-west (direction) handling, RGB LED's (all colors) in the keyboard, background LEDs and an optimized scroll wheel



Fahren

Bay Mallet

LOCO screen - Main display

Control and display of an active

vehicle; with speed bar including HLU

markings, ETCS speedometer, topic

below the display: broadcast stop,

MAN -, directional and single stop

buttons.

buttons and additional function keys;

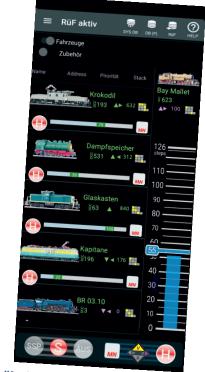




#### Left: Typical LOCO screen picture, speedo, functions..:

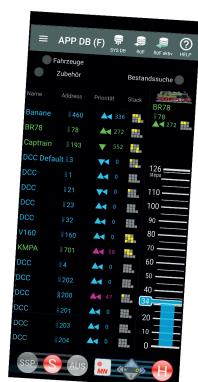
Center: other displays (small selection of 3 from @ 80) CV-Programming and readouts in operation mode; switch panel in the set-up mode; "Stop Balls" after short circuit (UES) on track output 1.





"Active loco recall" = Favorites

Simultaneous control of up to 5 vehicles with their own (smaller) controls, "magnifying glass" for function keys.



#### Vehicle Database

List of directly accessible addresses (vehicles) in the app - a subset from the command station - with information about direction, speed step or actual speed and state of functions

#### The ZIMO App (in development)

Displays and controls are related to the ZIMO MX32 or MX33 cabs, but with the advantage of the large screen of smartphones or tablets. Two of the many special features of the upcoming ZIMO app are shown on the screenshots: "LoR active" (traditional ZIMO term LoR = loco recall) allows simultaneous control of up to 5 vehicles (trains); "Loco" contains a speedometer in the ETCS design (ETCS = European Train Control system), prepared for future ETCS-compliant use.

# 170 x 200 x 40 mm MX10 Rear viev

140 x 170 x 40 mm

#### Command stations: the "big" MX10, the "EConomy" MX10EC

Both versions are high-performance digital centres: MX10 has two track outputs: 12 A and 8 A; MX10EC ("Economy") has "only" one 12 A output.

The "full version" MX10 also has a built-in sound generator, more power for the respective suffixes mean ... auxiliary voltages, more ABA pins, a USB client connector (both MX10 and MX10EC have Ethernet), and a Loconet connection (which, however, is not yet operational at the time of going to press).

Most features of MX10 and MX10EC are however identical: Finely adjustable driving voltages, overcurrent thresholds and shut-off times; short circuit spark suppression; RailCom oversampling detectors for measurement of weak signals.

The command station is using a powerful CAN bus to communicate with other system components, MIWI radio with ZIMO radio cabs, LAN (WLAN) with PC and Apps (ZIMO App, Roco App) and XpressNet for third-party products.

The ZIMO command stations are prepared for the implementation of the mfx data format. (planned, if there is enough interest)



#### The ZIMO Starter sets with MX33 or MX33FU

Each starter set contains a command station, a cab, power supply and accessories (cable..):

START, -FU, -G, -GFU, -EC, -ECFU

- **FU** = Startset comes with a radio cab *MX33FU* (otherwise MX33); the command station is always equipped with radio.
- **G..** = This starter set is intended primarily for G-scale; power supply with 600 W
- power (otherwise 320 W). **EC.**. = This starter set comes with an
- economy command station MX10EC (all aother sets with an MX10).

#### The Starter set with the Mouse a good start, sometimes as an alternative

A **START(EC)WM** is a **ZIMO** starter set that comes with a Z21 (Roco) WLANmouse



#### StEin expansion boards on top sockets

for 8 additional turnouts (coils, motor, servos), and 16 inputs.

## Stationary Equipment module One StEin is more than many small units

and distribut

"All-in-one" INSTEAD of a collection of occupancy detectors, RailCom detectors, accessory decoders, etc.

with several CAN sockets and terminals to expand the MX10.

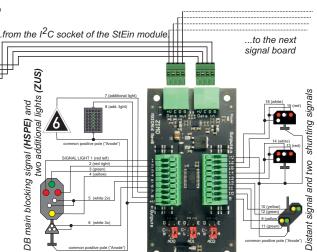
StEin = TRACK SECTION MODULE Fully functional track sections with occupancy and train number detection, RailCom local/global, overcurrent (short circuit) handling and ZIMO "HLU"for route-dependent speed limits.

The combination of LZB (section control system) and PZB (milepost control) allows for exact stopping point accuracy, wich means cost savings and puts the ZIMO system on the way to ETCS (European Train Control System).

#### StEin = SIGNAL MODULE

The StEin

Signals are not connected directly, but via external "ICA boards" that are installed in the immediate vicinity of the respective signals. Up to 12 boards are powered and controlled through the I2C bus socket of each StEin: each ICA board has 16 outputs for signal LEDs.



ICA signal board with I<sup>2</sup>C adress 1

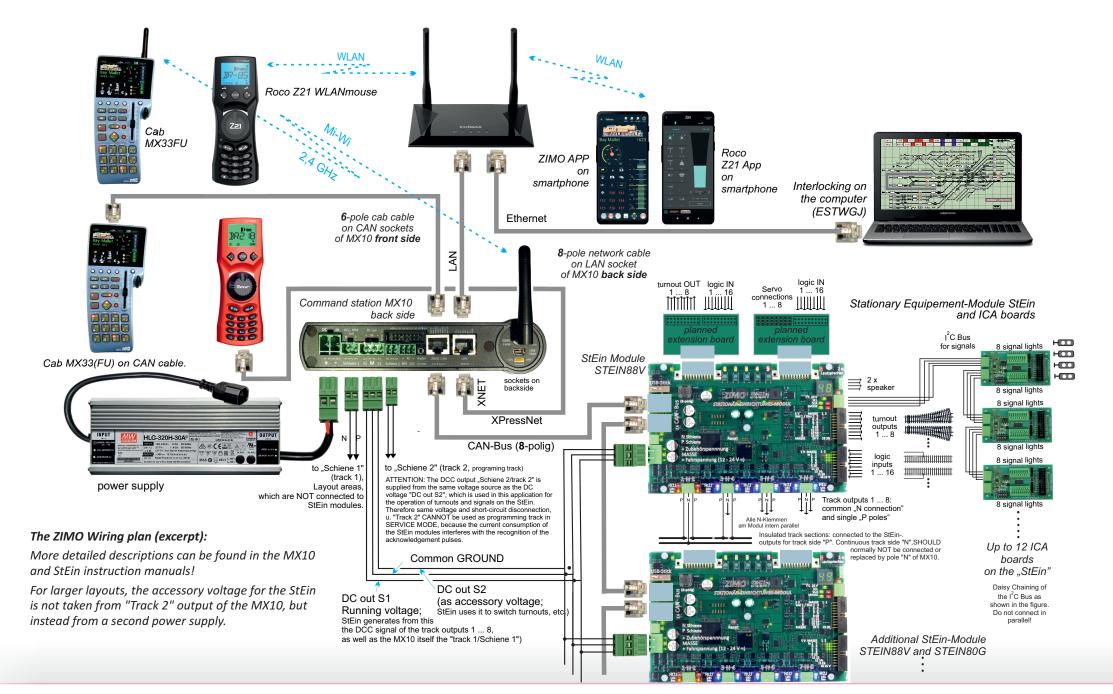
StEin = TURNOUT MODULE for all types of turnout drives and feedback systems, two-way and three-way turnouts; comprehensive parametrisation.

StEin = SOUND MODUL

for station announcements and all stationary railway sounds. Note: not operational at the time of going to print. Object-orientated approach and tabular

configuration recording

The StEin motherboard for 8 track sections, 8 turnout motors, 16 switch inputs, 2 speakers, I2C-Bus.



# PECIALS

That's only with ZIMO:

Registration

Features that are unique, or ahead of their time, make a difference to "normal" products. Much is based on sophisticated software. The hardware contributes its share: not geared to lowest cost, but to high quality and sustainability. <u>Rail</u> (Com applications!

**HLU** unmatched for 20 years Halt **UH** intermediate Ultraslow intermediate ΙU е Slow FL intermediate Full speed A voltage OFF)
The HLU speed limits)

From the beginning (1980), "HLU", initially under the designation "signal controlled speed influence", has been a fixed component of ZIMO digital systems and decoders.

While DCC, according to the standard, sends addressed commands to each individual vehicle, individual separate track sections can be given HLU information at the same time. These are not addressed, but are locationdependent for decoders located there.

In this way, trains receive HLU instructions to stop before red signals or speed limits.

HLU information is generated by the track section outputs of a "StEin module"

The "on-track search" is used to find the unknown address(es) of one or a few vehicles.

Since the model railway runs digitally, the direction selected on the controller is not track-related but locomotive-related (Forward = "cab 1 ahead"). This is often, but not always, advantageous. ZIMO offers the possibility to drive specifically in a given layout-related direction, called "East" and "West", if required. Technically, this is the phasing of the DCC track signal. The characteristic feature is: the entire directional logic is NOT simply

switched over, but "forward-backward" and "east-west" work together.

innovative =

The current version of the **ZIMO stock search**, realized with the means of the standardized RCN-218, is started on the ZIMO MX33 controller; then (new) decoders report themselves; a comparison is made with the existing "object database" (the "stock").

In practice, the **ZIMO "GUI transmission"** is even more important than the registration. The "GUI" (Graphical User Interface) consists of an individual collection of images, icons and controls for each vehicle, which may also differ among operating devices (ZIMO cabs, ZIMO App, Roco App).

The vehicle currently being searched for is briefly de-energised: the address and its assigned name (if already assigned) appear in the display after a few seconds.

ESTWGJ ESTWGJ represents the prototypical interlockings of the German and Swiss Federal Railways, largely true to the original in their optical appearance and following their working methods. The core task is the operation, monitoring and cancellation processes based on the safety technology of the prototype when setting up and driving on main and shunting routes.

ESTWGJ does not use computer game graphics for model railroad control, but offers five different "real" interlocking representations with different operating concepts corresponding to the respective type.

ESTWGJ displays interlockings on the screen with a maximum of 199 x 99 table fields; classic interlocking control tables can also be used for system control, i.e. with real push buttons and illumination (by LEDs). Such interlocking contol tables are built by the user or assembled with the help of digital components from Erbert.

ESTWGJ also enables the monitoring of a layout with several, independent operating stations. This is particularly suitable for large installations (clubs, ...) where the spatial distance from station to station actually exists or is to be simulated. The communication between the interlockings runs via LAN.

ESTWGJ uses the "ZIMO Specials" (see above) for layout control: HLU for Block control and OW (East-West) via "StEin-Modules" (see page 1) and milepost control with the help of infrared switches or other detectors.

ESTWGJ supports automatic train control, whereby automation (since the last extension in 2021) can be set to also trigger different routes. This is used, among other things, to change trains in hidden stations.

ESTWGJ News (excerpt 2022/23): Level crossings in numerous variants (e.g. light signal or barrier, automated by route or security check), extensions for route blocks, network-capable fast clock, incorrect application protection and protective caps, lane tapes (graphic element for clarity in German interlockings), ...

ESTWGJ is a product of Heinz-Willi Grandjean, 56154 Boppard/Rhein www.ESTWGJ.com



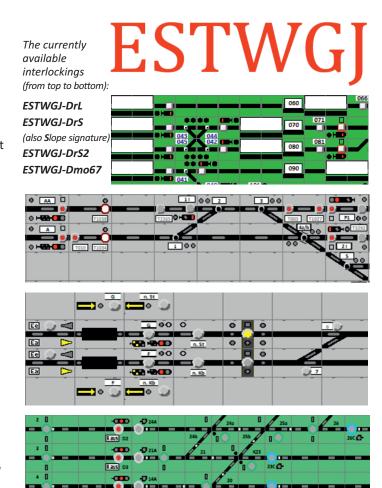
Blick auf die N-Ausstellungsanlage. Gleistrassen aus Acrylglas

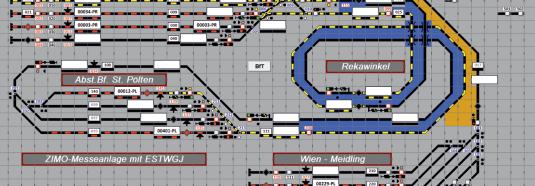
#### The ESTWGJ interlocking for the ZIMO N-gauge layout:

The purely technical demo layout is 2 x 1.3 m big, includes 3 stations with a total of 14 tracks, 3 routes with block operation and 1 reversing loop.

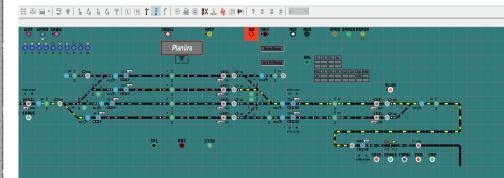
The electronic equipment consists of an MX10 command station with (usually) at least 2 cabs (currently MX33), and 8 StEin modules; there are special ones for the signal bridges, some with integrated accessory decoders MX820, partly with modified StEin signal boards.

> The interlocking for the N -gauge exhibition layout.





Typical ESTWGJ interlockings in Switzerland and Germany:



## New since 2023

- New interlocking type "Iltis" (Switzerland)
- · Turnout icon blanking
- Rotate / mirror multiple control panel fields
- Custom colors for control panel elements • Detour routes (call-up via three buttons)
- · Route macros
- Display of all possible routes in layout operation
- · Extended information about trains on the layout
- www.stp-software.at MQTT interface

Changes and errors excepted